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WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1905-TWENTY PAGES.

The Evening Star.

TWO CENTS.

DENIES THE REPORTS CHEERED IN KENTUCKY

Change of War Policy.

PREPARATIONS TO GO ON AT LOUISVILLE TODAY

NO COUNTERMANDING OF ORDERS EVIDENCES OF HEARTY GOOD-FOR MATERIAL ABROAD.

Never Intrigued Against Kuropatkin-Mobilization of Troops Explained-The Army Reserve Men.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 4.-War Minister Sakaroff, in an interview today, declares that the reports of Russia countermanding orders for war material abroad are baseless and grow out of the declination of foreign offers with which the war office and admiralty have been swamped.

He insists that there has been no relaxation in the preparations to continue the war, but says there will be no new mobilization at present, explaining as stated in these dispatches that 140,000 troops of the last mobilization have already started for the front, and that instead of mobilizing new troops, these will be followed by a portion of this year's conscripts.

General Sakaroff denied emphatically that he ever intrigued against General Kuropatkin, affirming that he gave the latter the most loyal support. At the same time in discussing the battle of Mukden, Sakaroff declared that the men and material of the Russian army were equal to those of the Japanese, forcing the reluctant conclusion that the Japanese generalship was superior to the Russian.

In denying the popular impression that a large proportion of army reserve men were sent to the front, Sakaroff made the important admission that reserve men were only sent in the early stages of the war "before we had assurances from Eu-rope," which is interpreted as a confession that an arrangement was made with Ger-many for covering the frontier of Poland.

ATTEMPT TO KILL TREPOFF.

Delegate to Railroad Congress at Washington is Appointed.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 4.-M. Tscheremissinoff, chief administrator of international communications, has been appointed for the southwest. a delegate to the international railroad congress to be held at Washington.

It is reported that another attempt on the

The Novoe Vremya, discussing the relative advantages of an Anglo-Russ-French and German-Russ agreement, finds the latter probably easier of accomplishment and possibly more advantageous to Russia on account of Germany's growing importance in the near east.

NO SIGNIFICANCE IN VISIT.

Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia

at Czar's Palace. ST. PETERSBURG, April 4.-Prince and Ptincess Henry of Prussia arrived at Tsarskoe-Selo this morning. At the German embassy attempts to give a political and by Mr. Logan C. Murray, chairman of the general committee. The President re character to Prince Henry's visit and to connect it with the situation created by Emperor William's Tangler speech were Emperor William's Tangler speech were was seated with Secretary Loeb, Gov. ridiculed, it being explained that the visit Beckham and Mr. Murray. Preceded by a of the princess to her sisters, the empress and the Grand Duchess Sergius, during the latter's period of mourning was announced before Emperor William left Germany.

The idea of an acute crisis in German-French relations was scouted at the German embassy. Princess Henry will remain for some time at Tsarskoe-Selo, but the prince will return to Berlin in a few days. There has been a persistent rumor that the Grand Duchess Sergius, who is still crushed by the murder of her husband, will shortly retire to a convent and devote her life to the church, of which she is a very

BERLIN, April 4.—No significance whatever is attributable to the visit of Prince of Prussia to Russia, as it was an nounced some weeks ago that he and his were going to visit the widow of Grand Duke Sergius, who is a sister of

HAY AT GENOA.

Feeling Much Better in Health-Plans Are Undecided.

GENOA, Italy, April 4.-Secretary Hay to all who saw him today when he drove about the town looked well. He himself said he feels much better, and that the condition of his health has been improved by the sea journey, which he enjoyed immensely.

Mr. Hay has not decided on his future

plans, but he expects to remain here for a few days.

EQUITABLE MEETING CALLED. Directors to Meet Next Thursday to Take Action.

NEW YORK, April 4 .- A meeting of the directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society has been called for Thursday afternoon, when the question of accepting or declining the two-year mutualization plan proposed last Saturday will come up for

consideration. A staff of accountants and clerks from the state insurance department started work today on the books of the Equitable

SYLPH ON THE ST. JOHNS. Mrs. Roosevelt and Children Delighted With Florida Trip.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 4.-The President's yacht Sylph is going up the St. Johns river, and it is reported this morning near Palatka, fifty miles above Jacksonville. The weather is beautiful and Mrs. Roosevelt and her children are reported to be delighted with their trip.

SENT KING EDWARD GREETINGS.

Pope Received in Private Audience Yesterday the Connaughts.

ROME, April 4.-The pope today received in private audience the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and their daughters Princesses Margaret and Patricia. The duke ernment building at 4th and Chestnut recalled his former visits to Pius IX and streets being especially attractive. cesses Margaret and Patricia. The duke to Leo XIII. The pontiff thanked the duke warmly for his visit and sent his greetings to King Edward, whom he admires as a

Sakaroff Says There is No Enthusiastic Reception to President Roosevelt

WILL ON EVERY SIDE.

Delivered a Notable Address to an Immense Audience in the Shadow of Jefferson's Statue.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 4.-In the shadow of a magnificent bronze statue of Thomas Jefferson, just in front of the architecturally imposing court house of Jefferson county, President Roosevelt today, in something less than fifteen minutes, delivered a notable address to a crowd which extended for two blocks on the east and west sides of the speaker's stand, which jammed intersecting avenues and overran the broad lawns which skirt the square. Not more than one-fifth of those who saw the President could hear what he said, but they cheered him heartily nevertheless, interruptions of applause occurring almost momentarily. The President's welcome to Kentucky was typical of the state and his references in his speech to a "united country," his greeting of confederate veterans as "my comrades," and his allusions to the wearer of the gray who bore aloft at the head of the procession of the escort the united country" greatly pleased those who could hear him.

The President was in Louisville but two hours, but not a moment was lost. His reception in the residence section of the city was cordial; as he passed through the business section it was thoroughly demonstrative of hearty good will and at the speaking stand and on the short drive over the business section it was an assured ovation. The weather was cool and threatening when the President arrived, but before the down town district had been reached the sun broke through the clouds and shone gloriously. Everywhere the crowds were enormous but orderly, and, barring a little confusion in front of the speaker's stand, the police arrangements

The President was greatly pleased at the cordiality of the crowds and was much touched over the presentation of three magnificent souvenirs reminiscent of Abraham Lincoln. These souvenirs were given him a few moments before his train departed

Arrived on Schedule Time.

President Roosevelt and party arrived in Louisville this morning on schedule time, life of Gov.-Gen. Trepoff was foiled last the train coming to a stop at 3d and A streets at 9 o'clock. The trip over the Louisville and Nashville from Cincinnati was without incident.

A moment after the train stopped a de-tall of militia stationed in the horse show building, two miles from the place where the executive left his train, fired the presidential salute of 21 guns. A crowd of several thousand, including two thousand children from several institutions, surrounded the train and, as the President made his appearance, he was greeted with hearty

The weather was cool and the sky was thinly overcast by clouds.

The President was welcomed to Louisville by Acting Mayor Paul C. Barth, it the absence of Mayor Grainger, who is in sponded briefly and was then escorted to his carriage a few steps away, where he detail of mounted police and by a mounte civilian escort bearing the President's the President's carriage moved forward, the procession being under way in a few moments with Gen. John B. Castle-

man acting as grand marshal. Escort in Carriages.

Immediately following the President were carriages containing members of his party and citizens of Louisville assigned to ac company them. Then followed carriages with members of the Loyal Legion, Grand Army of the Republic and Confederate Veterans, acting as special escort to the President. The judges of the court of appeals of Kentucky were next in line and following them was a detachment of Mounted Woodmen of the World. Bringing up the rea of the imposing procession were fifty car riages, two abreast, containing the gener reception committee and invited guests. A glimpse of the south in springtime greeted the eye of the President as the party proceeded down 3d street, which is one Louisville's most beautiful residential boulevards.

The grass had already assumed its summer hue and beds of jonquils, hyacinths, violets and pansies formed striking spots in a long succession of well-kept lawns and hedges. Magnolia and fruit trees in full bloom between the imposing homes and in the side streets gave splashes of color to the scene, and rows of maple trees in full foliage made a stately and reposeful border to either side of the splendid boulevard. The houses on this part of the route were decorated but little, but what was lacking up by the natural beauty of the street.

Cheered at Intervals. The President was cheered at frequent intervals by a continuous line of people from the time he left his train until the party neared the business section, where the greeting grew into a popular ovation. He was compelled to lift his hat often during the drive, but as he neared Broadway he removed his hat and was kept busy

Drawn up on Broadway between 3d and 4th streets were the George B. Eastin Camp, United Confederate Veterans; two posts of Grand Army men and the Span-ish War Veterans Association. Louisville has but a single camp of confederates, but it is a large one, and its members were out in full strength, with Gen. John H.

Leathers in command.
As the head of the escorting column moved into Broadway the civilian escort with the President's colors moved rapidly forward and the representatives of the due and the gray swung into line, in column of fours, directly in front of the President's earriage, and acted as his immediate guard of honor for the remainder of

Pupils of High Schools.

At 4th and Broadway about a thousand pupils of the boys and girls' high schools were banked along the walls and terraced lawns of the Young Men's Christian Association home. Flags waved a welcome, to went, and the whole nation, and not any were banked along the walls and terraced the evident pleasure of the President, whose carriage a moment later turned into 4th street. The retail district was black with people. Every window along 4th street had its occupants, and the roofs of build-ings were occupied, while the street below was a mass of humanity. The decorations on 4th street were lavish, the beautiful gov-

The President arrived at the speaker's stand in front of the court house at 6th and Jefferson streets at 10 a.m. He was introduced in a few words by Governor

The report that the pope has sanctioned the marriage of the King of Spain with Princess Patricia of Connaught is un-



A NEW SPRING OPENING.

could hear his remarks. The President spoke less than fifteen minutes. He was neartily cheered. Gov. Beckham's Address.

Beckham said:

people of Louisville, but the people of all

We also look forward to him during the than any President since the big-brained and big-hearted Lincoln, holds the affection and the confidence of the people of this country. I say, I believe it is more in his power than in the power of any other man to establish beyond question the fact that there is no north, no south, no east and no west in this country." As the President stepped upon the plat-

form and the crowd saw him, a prolonged cheer went up. The President tried to speak, but good-naturedly waited until the

"Governor Beckham and you, my fellow-Americans (Applause): Surely any man would indeed be gratified to be greeted in this way by such an audience, and be introduced as you have introduced me, Governor Beckham. (Applause.)

"As the governor has so well said, upon

infinitely exceed in number those upon which there can be such division, and, Governor Beckham, I shall do all that in me lies to justify the hope to which you have given expression and to try to show myself the President of all the people of the United States. (Prolonged applause.)

"In the dark days-now, keep just as quiet as you can; you won't be able to do anything more than see me, anyhow (laughter and applause)—in the dark days each of you fought for the right as it was given him to see the right (a voice, "That's right"), and each of you has left us the "That's right to feel pride not only in your valor, out in your devotion to what you conscientiously believed your duty." (Great ap-

plause.) Common Pride in Valor.

"And now we are all one (cheers and ong-continued applause), and as a united people we have the right to feel the same pride in the valor of the man who conscientiously risked his life in the confederate uniform that we have in the man who fought in the blue (applause). And, as I passed by your ranks, oh, my friends in gray, today, and saluted the flag of our common country, held up by a man in the gray uniform, I felt that indeed we are one, and that we have been able to show mankind the greatest war of the century can be followed by the most perfect union that any nation now knows. (Great applause). "And in coming to this great and beautiful city of yours I wish to congratulate this historic spirit that is found Pointing to the statue of Thomas Jefferson that stands in front of the court house, the President continued:

this of Jefferson, and like the great statue of Clay inside of this court house.
"It is a fine thing to keep to a sense of historic continuity with the past, and there is one statue that I wish the member in the national Congress from Kentucky to see is put up by the national government and that is a national statue to Andrew Jackson and the victors of the battle of New Orleans. The fight at New Orleans one state, should join in putting that statue

cause there is a little movement there, and it will be better for the women and small people if I let you get away. Good-bye.'

of two male German singing societies burst forth with the strains of "My Old Kentucky Home," the President remaining uncovered until the famous song had been concluded. Then he spoke to the singers as follows:

say just one thing suggested by your presence. We as a people are composed of men of many different stocks from the old world. Each stock can contribute something of great value to our national life. The people of German origin who have come here here earn and much in many come here have contributed much in many different ways, and not the least of what they contributed has been the power to know what the joy of living means. (Ap-

among us the President of this great republic. Regardless of all political differences we are here to do honor, not only to the chief magistrate of this great country, but also to Theodore Roosevelt, the man. (Great applause.)

"Isla we could adopt it absolutely as it is— "Gemuethlichkeit'—for Gemuethlichkeit is a mighty valuable asset I only hope as mis-sionaries you will be able to teach us

Good-bye." (Laughter).
The President and party then entered their carriages and after a short drive through several streets in the business dis-trict arrived at the Louisville Hotel. The streets were massed with people and the President stood up in his carriage, bowing from right to left in response to the cheer-

ing, which was hearty and continuous. Souvenirs Presented.

In the parlors of the hotel occurred one of the prettiest incidents of the day-the presentation of souvenirs to the executive These consisted of a massive silver flagon containing water from a spring on the old-Lincoln homestead in Larue county; an inkstand of oak that shaded the spring at which Lincoln drank when a lad, and a beautiful silver vase filled with orchids The President was visibly touched by the gifts, as it was a complete surprise.

The presentation was made by Col. R. T. Durrett, for twenty years a friend of the President and in whose library Mr. Roosevelt, years ago, spent many hours gaining information as to the history of Kentucky and data as to the Lewis and Clark expe-

dition. The group surrounding the President when the presentation was made included Gov. Beckham, Senator McCreary, Representative Sherley, Mr. Logan C. Murray, and a few invited guests, numbering altogether not more than fifty. The President made a feeling response, saying that he felt more than ever that he was the President of all the people, north and south, east and west. A hurried departure was taken, the Pres

ident arriving on board his train at exactly 11 o'clock. A minute later, with the executive standing on the rear platform of the car, with cannon thundering a farewell salute, less than a block away and to the music of deafening cheers, the train moved out of 7th street station and a half hour way to the southwest.

PROPOSAL OF BONDHOLDERS.

Belgians Submit Plan to President Morales for Payment. ANTWERP, April 4. The Association

of Belgian Bondholders has submitted a proposal to President Morales of Santo Domingo and Mr. Dawson, the American minister at San Domingo, through the Belgian minister there suggesting that \$25,000 monthly be paid to the Belgian minister in their behalf.

This arrangement has not been concluded and the situation is expected to remain as at present until the United States Senate takes definite action in regard to the Santo Domingan treaty.

Although Baron Moncheur, the Belgian minister, saw Mr. Leomis, the acting secretary of state, today, he did not discuss Dominican affairs with him, and if the Belgian creditors are dissatisfied with the American agreement they have not made it known to the Belgian legation here. Generally speaking, the European envoys here have given their governments favora-ble reports about this agreement, which, in their opinion, offers an opportunity for the foreign creditors to get better treatment than they could hope for if the re-cent conditions had been left undisturbed The State Department has so far had not the slightest intimation that the agreement was unacceptable to any of the European creditor nations. Its latest advice as to that is contained in Minister Dawson's cablegram of March 26, in which he said: "Creditors to agree take no further steps in the meantime Italian Spanther steps in the meantime. Italian, Spanish, German and American creditors, except Santo Domingo Improvement Com-pany, accept 'unconditionally, Belgian, French representatives will recommend ac-

CATTLE DIPPING PRECARIOUS. Cattlemen May Cancel Their Grazing

Contracts With Government. GUTHRIE, O. T., April 4 .- According to Warren Bennett, United States deputy marshal for the Osage Indian Nation, many cattlemen will cancel their contracts with the government for grazing leases in the Osage country, in view of the fact that the dipping of cattle is so precarious an opera-

He says a large herd of cattle brought from Texas was damaged greatly by the dipping and the trip afterward to the Osage Nation. A recent order of the bureau of animal industry makes the dipping of cat-

the broad streets and feel that you have room to breathe. I notice many changes in the city and am gratified to see the im-

Mr. Carlisle is in Washington trying a case b€...re the interstate commerce commission, the old question of differential railway rates between Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk, which has been an issue among railroads for thirty years. The present suit is rather of a friendly character, however, to secure a ruling in the na ture of an arbitration by the interstate commerce commission.

TO SUCCEED MAGOON.

Paul Charlton Being Considered for Law

Officer of the War Department. Mr. Paul Charlton of Omaha, Neb., who has been recommended for attorney general of Porto Rico, to succeed A. G. Stewart of Ibwa, resigned, is being considered for the position of law officer of the insular bureau, War Department, to succeed Charles E. Magoon, appointed governor of Panama. Mr. Stewart was appointed only short time ago, but his resignation has since been requested. Mr. Charlton has been recommended to Secretary Taft as a man fitted to take charge of the law business in the insular bureau.

WILL LEAVE NEXT WEEK.

The Spanish Minister Soon to Return to His Home.

Senor de Ojeda, the Spanish minister called at the State Department today to wind up several matters before his departure for Madrid next week, where he goes to become under secretary for foreign affairs. Although he will not be able to finish the negotiations for the return of the Spanish guns in Cuba, he has the satisfaction of having initiated and carried them to a satisfactory point. It is not known when his successor, the present Spanish minister at Tangier, will reach Washing-

TO BE PUT ON THE BLOCK.

Former Coast Survey Schooner Earnest Will Be Sold at Auction.

Orders have been issued for the sale at public auction of the old naval schooner Earnest, which is condemned as no longer available for naval purposes. The Earnest was formerly engaged in survey work under the coast survey and was transferred to the navy about two years ago, since which time she has been stationed at the navy yard, Mare Island, and used as a training ship. During a recent cruise in that vicinity she ran on a rock and was badly damaged. She could not be repaired within the statutory limit of cost and was condemned. She is a wooden ship of 127 tons displacement and carries no guns. She has been appraised at \$800.

NO TRACE OF POISON. Result of Investigation Into the Larned

Death. NEW YORK, April 4.-A coroner's

physician who performed an autopsy on the body of Mrs. Ruby Larned, the young wife of William L. Larned, the illustrator, has reported that he could find no trace of poison. The young woman died Sunday night

in a mysterious sleep, supposed to have been induced by poison she had drank in a glass of claret. Larned and a servant were paroled in custody pending the result of the autopsy.

Personal Mention. Representative Charles A. Towne of New

York arrived today and is at the Raleigh. Representative B. B. Dovener of West Virginia returned last night from an extended southern trip, and is registered at the Riggs. Lieut. Benton C. Decker, U. S. N., is a

guest at the Ebbitt. Ex-Gov. A. B. White of West Virginia is in Washington. He is stopping at the New Mr. F. V. Bennett, formerly manager of the Arlington Hotel, is at the Shoreham. Gen. Joseph Wheeler, U. S. A., is at the Willard. Thomas Skelton Harrison, a prominent New York attorney, is at the Willard.

Chicago Man Buys Columbus Paper.

CHICAGO, April 4.-John C. Eastman, owner of the Chicago Journal, today confirmed the announcement from Columbus, Ohio, that he had added the Evening Dispatch of Columbus to his newspaper holdings. Mr. Eastman said: "No change in the policy or management of the Dispatch will occur. The present organization will be retained and several men who have been prominent in the management will be retained and promoted to executive officers in the

REPLIES TO CITIZENS ELECTIONS OUT WEST

Colonel Biddle's Plan for Rail- State and Municipal Contests road Crossings.

STREET GRADES ALSO EXCITING AT CHICAGO

CONDITIONS IN SOUTHWEST PUBLIC OWNERSHIP OF STREET WASHINGTON REVIEWED.

Suggestion Made That a Public Hear- | Very Little Interest in Other Localiing Be Given to Those Interested.

Commissioner John Biddle has answered the application made by the citizens of South Washington relative to the plan pro- the principal issue in the municipal election posed for grades and railroad crossings in held here today. Franchises estimated to that section of the city. Col. Biddle makes be worth \$200,000,000 were involved. John the following statements and recommenda- M. Harlan, republican candidate for mayor.

"The general condition as directed by Congress is for the railroad tracks from 12th and 9th streets to be below the level | F. Dunne, the democratic nominee, stood of the streets, the streets crossing with overhead bridges. At 9th street the grade number of other important issues also were of the railroad is about the same as that | decided. of the street. The original plan contemplated taking this street across by an overhead bridge, but the present plan authorized by the last Congress is for the street to go under the railroad, not changing the railroad elevation.
"At 8th street there is no crossing.

"From 7th street to 4½ street, inclusive, the railroad is to be carried over the streets, necessitating a cut at 7th and 6th streets of several feet. Four-and-a-half street is to be left at about grade.

The Citizens' View.

The plan as proposed by the citizens of South Washington is for the tracks to come to the grade of the street at 6th street instead of 9th street. This would require overhead bridges for the streets all the way to 6th street, inclusive; 41/2 street being carried underneath the railroad.

There would be no difficulties in the changing of the street grades in one plan or the other excepting in the case of 6th and 9th streets.

At 7th street the proposed plan would mean raising the street about six feet instead of lowering it about eight feet, as by the adopted plan In 41/2 street the proposed plan would

make a cut of four feet instead of a cut of one foot. From 12th to 11th street the difference would be very unimportant, and at 10th street, the proposed plan would effect a saving of cost in the raising of the grade

of that street. At 9th and 6th streets, however, the changes are very important. The approved plan for 9th street carries the railroad across that street at about the present grade with the street under. On account of the depth of the cut the grades of the street under the railroad would be very steep, so forget to vote. much so as to probably preclude the use of it by heavy teams. Ninth street southwest stops at the Mall. The cross streets, C and D, can, however, on account of the general situation at that point, be so arranged that the general grade of these streets will not the general grade of these streets will not be much changed, and they can be used. The proposed plan brings the railroad so far below the surface of the street that the change of grade for an overhead bridge

would be trifling. Plan as Approved.

The approved plan carries the railroad along the south side of the reservation between 7th and 9th streets, above the level of the ground, while the proposed plan would carry it below that level so that the park would certainly be benefited.

The approved plan for 6th street carried the railroad well above the grade of the street, so that the street is carried un-der with but a slight cut and with good grades. There will be several overhead bridges

across this street, as there will be a freight gard between 4½ and 6th streets, and a small freight yard between 6th and 7th streets. The street, however, will be left open, and it is thought will become a considerable thoroughfare, as it is one of the few streets leading through the Mall which has no car tracks. There is, of course, no traffic to any great extent along this street at present on acount of the railroad tracks along the street, but when these are removed, as they will be under the approved plans, it is believed that considerable traffic will develop.

Would Require Bridge.

In the plan proposed by the citizens the railroad would cross the street at grade, and a long overhead bridge would be necessary on account of the freight yards. The squares on each side of 5th street between C street and Maryland avenue on the north and D and School streets on the south would have an embankment in front of them, necessary in order to rise to the level of this bridge. On each side of this em bankment, however, there would be a narrow roadway of about eighteen feet to give access to these squares. In one of them, east of 6th street and south of the railroad is a large school, and to the north a church There is no question that 6th street would be practically rendered almost useless for any teaming or even for light wagons by this treatment. To recapitulate, it is really a question as to which street should be preserved—6th or 9th. When the railroad plans were adopted

street was the more important, as the for its preservation was recommended. As far as the park is concerned, the proposed plan is evidently more advantageous.

about five years ago, it was evidently thought by the Commissioners that 6th

Recommended Hearing.

This question being one of great interest to the citizens of Southwest Washington, I move that they be given a hearing on the subject, and that they be requested to bring together such absolute data as would assist the Commissioners to pass upon this point. It is especially desired that the property owners around 6th street be represented, as they apparently were not at the previous hearing, and it is thought that they were not aware of the disadvantages to which 6th street would be put in case of

the change. and the Washington Railway and Electric Company should be notified of this hearing. While it will not affect them to any great extent, it will to some degree. The Penn-sylvania railroad authorities have informed me that either plan will be satisfactor to them, if they receive due notice of the change, before they are obliged to begin

This change will, however, in my opinion have to be authorized by Congress, as it involves an original change in the plans. A limited number of blue prints showing the grades could be furnished to any organiza-tion of citizens desiring to examine them.

A Supplemental Treaty Signed.

Minister Grip of Sweden and Norway and Acting Secretary Loomis today signed a volved. treaty supplementary to the existing extradition treaty between the United States and Sweden and Norway, the purpose of which is to bring the convention into conformity with some recent changes of law in both countries.

are given to the contrary.

Notice to Subscribers.

The Sunday Star will be in-

Star, which after April 1 will be

50 cents per month for the daily

and Sunday issues. All subscrib-

daily and Sunday unless orders

Held Today.

RAILWAYS AN ISSUE.

ties-Four Tickets at Kansas City -Local Option.

CHICAGO, April 4.-Ownership by the city of the street railways of Chicago was favored a tentative arrangement with the traction companies providing for ultimate municipal ownership, while Judge Edward for immediate ownership by the city. A

The day opened with cloudy skies and a chilly northwest wind, accompanied by occasional light showers.

Democratic enthusiasts developed increased hope as the balloting progressed. The basis was slow voting in some of the republican wards. Republicans admitted that the slow voting was against them, but ridi-culed claims that the democrats would

carry any wards normally republican.

Democratic and republican workers kept up a lively pace in the twenty-first ward, the home of both John M. Harlan and Mayor Harrison. The result there was said to be decidedly in doubt. Harrison in the last municipal election carried the ward, but democrats conceded it would be hard for Dunne to poll as large a vote in the ward, handicapped by Harlan's residence there. This was held to be particularly true in the fashionable Lake Shoe drive

portion of the ward. In the first ward, usually controlled by the democratic alderman, Michael Kenna, familiarly known as "Hinky Dink," a novel method was used to get the lodging-house

voters to the polls. Squads of men armed with bunches of cannon crackers were sent along the streets, and soon there was a din sufficient to discount genuine artillery. The inmates of the lodging houses were speedily organized in to platoons of four and voted as rapidly as possible. The workers, however, seemed to be unusually cautious in mar-shaling this class of voters.

Alderman Kenna declared that the col-ored residents and the Italians, who usually vote the republican ticket, were supporting Dunne A bell, such as used on cattle in the agricultural districts, was used to arouse sleepy voters in the twenty-fourth ward. The bell was rung in hallways and, when

the voters appeared, they were told not to

Workingmen and Socialists. Workingmen who voted the socialist and labor tickets in the thirtieth ward last fall appeared to have decided today largely in favor of the democratic nominee for mayor, although the Harlan supporters declared that Harlan was more than holding his own. The voting in this ward was heavy,

two-thirds of the vote being reported cast before noon. In the so-called silk-stocking twenty-fifth ward, which Harlan carried in an independent fight four years ago, predictions were made by republican leaders that the republican ticket would poll a plurality of from 3,500 to 4,000 votes over Judge Dunne, notwithstanding that the ward is one In which Judge Dunne lives, and that the judge's neighbors' end of the ward has been conducting a hot campaign in Judge Dunne's behalf. Orders issued by Chief of Police O'Nelll that every saloon in the city should be closed from the time the polls opened were

Both Sides Claim Victory.

Leaders of both of the chief parties con-

tinued to claim victory. "I am confident of Mr. Harlan's election," said James Reddick, republican manager, viewing the clearing skies this afternoon. "If it were raining or snowing I would expect a falling off in the total, but the issues are so important that no one will allow the discomfort of a brisk wind to keep him from the polls."

Secretary George McConnlell of the democratic campaign committee declared that he had never before seen such straight "I am sure," he said, "that the fight to-

night will show 50,000 plurality for Judge Dunne. Central Interest in Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 4 .- Municipal elections are being held in many towns throughout Wisconsin today. In addition a justice of the state supreme court and a state superintendent of schools are being voted for. In the state interest centers chiefly in the election of a state superintendent of schools. Charles P. Cary, the present incumbent, and Albert Salisbury of Whitewater are running for this office on

no opposition as justice of the supreme court. In this city the early vote was light. At La Crosse the issue is the closing of the gambling houses, which the republican party has taken up. A heavy vote is being polled, with the mayoralty in doubt between

William Torrance, democrat, and George W. Bunge, republican. Generally Favored the Democrats.

BUTTE, Mont., April 4.-Municipal elections in Montana have resulted generally in favor of the democrats. At Butte John MacGinniss, the anti-trust candidate, was elected mayor, while the democrats elected

a city treasurer. At Anaconda a democratic mayor, three democratic aldermen and three republican aldermen were elected. At Helena four democrat and four re-

publican aldermen were elected.

At Great Falls the democratic candidate for mayor was elected, while at Missoula the Municipal League party was successful. All Towns Outside of Omaha,

OMAHA, Neb., April 4.-City and village elections are being held today in all towns in Nebraska outside of Omaha, which is governed by a special charter. The interest is generally local and no party lines are drawn. Nebraska being a local option state, the principal issue is that of license or no license. On this issue a hard cam-paign has been waged in several larger cities, principally among which is Lincoln, Yerk, Nebraska City and Fremont.

Four Tickets in Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 4.-Municipal elections were held today in most cities in Kansas. Bright, cool weather was general. As a rule only local issues were in-At Kansas City, Kan., however, one of



fifth of those in sight of the President

In introducing the President, Governor "Ladies and Gentlemen: Not only the Kentucky, rejoice to day in welcoming

"We recognize his eminent patriotism, his integrity, his fearlessness, and we all believe him to be a friend of the great common people throughout this country. next four years as the ruler of this repub-lic to obliterate the last faint line of sectional differences that may exist in this country. (Applause.) I believe that it is n the power of this great man, who more

applause had died out. Then he said: The President's Reply.

all the important questions, the questions that infinitely transcend mere partisan dif-ferences, we are fundamentally one. (Ap-"For, in the question of foreign and internal politics, the points upon which there can be no proper division on party lines

"And, naturally, I feel particularly gratified at seeing here today, joined in this procession, the men who wore the blue and the men who wore the gray. (Laugh-

"I am glad, as I say, of the spirit that makes you wish to dedicate statues like

"My Old Kentucky Home." As the President descended to the platform from the speaker's stand the voices

plause.)
"There is one word I wish it were possible